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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/663,570	09/15/2003	Luc R. Mongeon	1023-203US01	2842
28863	7590	02/19/2010		
SHUMAKER & SIEFFERT, P. A. 1625 RADIO DRIVE SUITE 300 WOODBURY, MN 55125			EXAMINER KAHELIN, MICHAEL WILLIAM	
			ART UNIT 3762	PAPER NUMBER
			NOTIFICATION DATE 02/19/2010	DELIVERY MODE ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

pairedocketing@ssiplaw.com

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/663,570

Applicant(s)

MONGEON ET AL.

Examiner

MICHAEL KAHLIN

Art Unit

3762

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 October 2009.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 21-24, 26, 29-33, 35-42 and 46-54 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 21-24, 26, 29-33, 35-42 and 46-54 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
3. Claims 21-24, 26, 29-33, 35-42, and 46-54 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Soykan in view of Heil, Jr. et al. (US 4,819,662, hereinafter "Heil") and Girouard et al. (US 2004/0158289, hereinafter "Girouard").
4. In regards to claims 21, 22, 24, 29, 35, 46, 47, 49, 51, and 54, Soykan discloses a method/system comprising a lead for delivering electrical stimulation to tissue (col. 13, line 38) and eluting genetic material from a polymeric matrix (col. 11, line 1) comprising extracellular collagen (col. 11, lines 46-60 -- the polymer is further disclosed as "biodegradable" at line 46) to cause transgenic expression that increases the

conductivity at the stimulation site. Increasing the contractile ability of the stimulation area (from cells that do not contract at all, per column 1, lines 57-58, to cells that contract, per the abstract of the disclosure) necessarily increases the conductivity because non-contractile cells do not have the membrane proteins that allow for cell contraction, while contractile cells do have these proteins. This necessary feature of these cells means that the conductivity is increased in the region of these new cells. Further, this increase in contractile ability necessarily creates some preferential conduction pathway between the stimulation site and at least one of a bundle of His or a Purkinje fiber because the applied pulse or propagating action potential must follow some preferred path created by the improved conductivity of the treated region of the heart. For example, referring to Figure 1, after treatment, action potentials generated in the newly treated region will flow through a different path than when the tissue was not fully-functioning contractile heart tissue. Soykan does not disclose a separable chamber that elutes material from a porous electrode or that the genetic material causes expression of connexin-43 or a gap-junction. Heil teaches providing a lead with a removable chamber that elutes substances through a porous electrode for the purpose of providing controlled release of pharmacological agents at the site of electrical therapy (abstract, Fig. 7). Further, Girouard teaches providing a cardiac therapy comprising causing expression of connexin-43 for the purpose of repairing damaged heart tissue (par. 0146). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Soykan's invention by providing a lead with a chamber that elutes substances through a porous electrode

for the purpose of providing controlled release of pharmacological agents at the site of electrical therapy and providing a cardiac therapy comprising delivering connexin for the purpose of repairing damaged heart tissue.

5. In regards to claims 23, 37, and 48, the matrix is cross-linked (col. 11, lines 47 and 55). The level of cross-linking is inherently proportional to the release rate, and natural collagen is cross-linked.
6. In regards to claims 26 and 50, the delivery vector is a liposome (claim 7).
7. In regards to claims 32, the electrode is implantable (col. 13, line 49).
8. In regards to claims 33, the tissue is cardiac tissue (abstract).
9. In regards to claims 30, 31, 36, 38-42, 52, and 53, Soykan's modified invention discloses the essential features of the claimed invention, including using autologous biological material (col. 5, line 67) that is incorporated just prior to delivery by swelling the hydrogel (col. 11, line 59), but does not disclose a freeze-dried (lyophilized) or frozen matrix, a genetic material that causes expression of a metalloproteinase, an anti-inflammatory agent comprising I κ B, or an immunosuppressant agent, placing the matrix in the lead just before implantation, or soaking of the distal end of the lead in the genetic material. It is well known in the art to freeze-dry or freeze matrix to increase the shelf-life of the biologically active substance, to provide genetic materials that cause expression of a metalloproteinase, an anti-inflammatory agent comprising I κ B, or an immunosuppressant agent to reduce rejection complications in a host patient, and to soak (or swell) matrix in genetic material before placement into the body (either before

delivery, or right at delivery) to allow autologous biological substances to be implanted. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify Soykan's invention by freeze-drying or freezing matrix to provide the predictable result of increasing the shelf-life of the biologically active substance, to provide genetic materials that cause expression of a metalloproteinase, an anti-inflammatory agent comprising IkB, or an immunosuppressant agent to provide the predictable result of reducing rejection complications in a host patient and soaking matrix in genetic material before placement into the body to provide the predictable result of allowing autologous biological substances to be implanted.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 10/20/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argued that the combination of Soykan, Heil, and Girouard lacks a rational underpinning because Girouard does not disclose that electrical therapy is necessary or desirable with a transgene that encodes connexin. However, Soykan is relied upon for this teaching, and Girouard further discloses electrical stimulation of the target cells after administration (par. 0075). Nothing in the claim language requires electrical stimulation during a biological conditioning step. Applicant further argued that there is no disclosure in Girouard that specific vectors are used with connexin. However, an artisan of ordinary skill would read paragraph 0044 to indicate that the various disclosed genetic materials can be delivered with any or all of the vectors. Girouard need not list each individual combination of vector and genetic material

contained in such vector. Applicant further argued that Girouard does not disclose that connexin improves cardiac contractility. However, this is an inherent feature of genetic material that causes expression of connexin, per Applicant's disclosure. Applicant's further arguments rely on the assumption that Girouard's method is applicable only in vitro, with which the examiner disagrees as presented in the Examiner's Answer. The examiner maintains the position that the various in vivo vectors disclosed by Girouard are usable with the various disclosed genetic materials, and explicitly discloses this at paragraph 0044.

Conclusion

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Palasis et al. (US 6,749,617) is one of many teachings of causing the expression of IκB in cardiac tissue.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MICHAEL KAHELIN whose telephone number is (571)272-8688. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela Sykes can be reached on (571) 272-4955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Michael Kahelin/
Examiner, Art Unit 3762